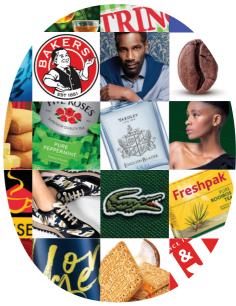


## **GROWING GREAT BRANDS**

**RESULTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020











### **AVI LIMITED**

ISIN: ZAE000049433 Share code: AVI Registration number: 1944/017201/06 ("AVI" or "the Group" or "the Company")

For more information please visit our website: www.avi.co.za/investor/results-and-presentations/current-year



# key features

- The COVID-19 pandemic materially affected the second semester
- Full year revenue growth of 0,4%
- Gross profit margins protected despite volume losses in some businesses
- Selling and administrative cost increases limited to 1,0%
- Operating profit declined by 7,5% due to the impact of the second semester
- Cash generated by operations increased by 13,0% over the prior year
- Investment of R376,6 million in capital projects and essential replacements
- Headline earnings per share down 8,9% to 470,8 cents
- Final dividend of 250 cents per share

Note: AVI adopted the new accounting standards listed below with effect from 1 July 2018. Consequently both the current and prior year information presented in this report is prepared in accordance with the new standards:

- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers:
- IFRS 16 Leases;
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.



# results commentary

### **GROUP OVERVIEW**

AVI's unique brand portfolio underpinned a credible result in the context of a weak economy and the severe restrictions imposed on businesses and consumers in the fourth quarter by South Africa's COVID-19 lockdown regulations. While the food and beverage businesses were classified as essential services and continued to operate, the footwear and apparel businesses ceased trading on 27 March and only commenced reopening stores during May. In addition, Indigo had to suspend some of its operations that were classified as non-essential services and the Ciro coffee business was severely impacted by low demand from hospitality, leisure and corporate customers.

The Group's essential businesses implemented the protocols required to keep staff safe and comply with the government's lockdown regulations effectively, and together with exceptional commitment from our manufacturing and field marketing employees, this ensured continuity of operations and minimised lost production and sales volumes. The main operational disruption was at I&J, where the relatively early build-up of COVID-19 infections in the Western Cape resulted in reduced processing capacity and a concomitant reduction in fishing activity during the fourth quarter, as well as delayed export shipments in June.

Group revenue was 0,4% higher than last year, with the increase largely attributable to strong demand for Entyce and Snackworks' brands during the fourth quarter, stemming from changes in consumer spending patterns during lockdown as well as the inclusion of key products in food hampers. This additional demand was sufficient to offset the COVID-19 related declines in the fashion brands, Ciro and I&J, as well as a generally constrained environment prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.

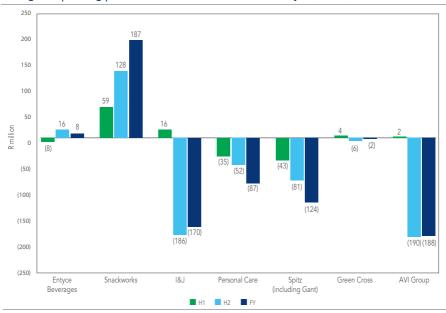
Gross profit margins were well protected reflecting lower raw material cost inflation and good cost control. The impact of a weaker Rand was ameliorated by currency hedge positions, low underlying raw material prices in foreign currencies and higher realised selling prices due to tight management of discounts and selected price increases to deal with specific cost pressures. Direct additional costs of R58 million were incurred in responding to the COVID-19 pandemic. The consolidated gross profit decreased by 2,9%, largely reflecting a weak second semester result at I&J, where the impact of reduced fish volumes due to the pandemic was compounded by low demand and lower selling prices for abalone.

Selling and administrative costs were tightly managed to reduce the impact of the lost contribution in some of our businesses and increased by only 1,0%. Rent relief of R14,3 million has been recognised in the retail businesses while other variable costs were pulled back as much as possible in the fourth quarter.

### **GROUP OVERVIEW** continued

Operating profit was 7,5% lower due mainly to the lower gross profit. A comparison of year-on-year operating profit by semester is shown in the chart below:

### Change in operating profit F20 versus F19 - H1, H2 and full year (R'mil)



Headline earnings declined by 8,6% from R1,70 billion to R1,55 billion due to the decrease in operating profit and lower joint venture earnings, partly offset by lower finance costs in line with lower interest rates and decreasing debt levels. Headline earnings per share decreased 8,9% from 516,6 cents to 470,8 cents with a 0,3% increase in the weighted average number of shares in issue due to the vesting of employee share options.

During the first semester, I&J sold its interest in a joint venture with Simplot, realising proceeds after transaction costs of R631,8 million and a capital gain, after tax, of R373,7 million. This resulted in a 21,1% increase in basic earnings per share for the year.

### **GROUP OVERVIEW** continued

Cash generated by operations increased by 13,0% to R3,22 billion. Cash invested in working capital decreased by R124,2 million due mainly to improved debtor collections with last year's collections impacted by the year-end falling on a weekend, which resulted in delayed payments from some customers. Capital expenditure amounted to R376,6 million, reflecting continued investment to sustain and improve our businesses. Other material cash flows during the period were the receipt of R631,8 million, net of costs, for I&J's interest in the Simplot joint venture; ordinary dividends paid of R1,35 billion; and taxation of R711,3 million. Net debt at the end of June 2020 was R1,31 billion compared to R2,44 billion at the end of June 2019.

### DIVIDEND

Overall cash generation remains healthy and the businesses that were most under pressure from the COVID-19 pandemic are expected to recover as lockdown restrictions are lifted. Accordingly, AVI has declared a final dividend of 250 cents per share, bringing the full year dividend to 410 cents per share.

### SEGMENTAL REVIEW

Year ended 30 June

	Segmental revenue			Segment	tal operatin	g profit
	2020 Rm	2019 Rm	% change	2020 Rm	2019 Rm	% change
Food & Beverage brands	10 542,0	10 220,7	3,1	1 994,6	1 969,3	1,3
Entyce Beverages	3 849,0	3 822,6	0,7	846,6	838,3	1,0
Snackworks	4 365,1	3 890,9	12,2	910,2	723,1	25,9
I&J	2 327,9	2 507,2	(7,2)	237,8	407,9	(41,7)
Fashion brands	2 667,7	2 930,2	(9,0)	352,4	565,7	(37,7)
Personal Care	1 192,7	1 111,4	7,3	150,2	237,2	(36,7)
Spitz (including Gant)	1 287,8	1 523,8	(15,5)	234,2	358,1	(34,6)
Green Cross	187,2	295,0	(36,5)	(32,0)	(29,6)	(8,1)
Corporate	-	-		(12,5)	(12,5)	
Group	13 209,7	13 150,9	0,4	2 334,5	2 522,5	(7,5)

### **Entyce Beverages**

Revenue increased 0,7% to R3,85 billion while operating profit increased 1,0% to R846,6 million, with the operating profit margin at 22,0% compared to 21,9% in the prior year.

Tea revenue grew by 2,5% due mainly to a 4,4% increase in sales volumes arising from increased demand during the lockdown period, partly offset by lower rooibos selling prices as raw material prices declined from record levels. The Trinco brand performed particularly well, with high demand due to inclusion in food hampers. The gross profit margin improved with lower black tea and rooibos input costs ameliorating the pressure from a weaker Rand. Operating profit benefited from volume leverage and showed healthy growth over last year, with an improvement in the operating profit margin.

Coffee revenue was 9,1% lower than last year due mainly to lower sales in the Ciro Out of Home coffee business, which was severely impacted by most of its hospitality, leisure and corporate customers not operating during the lockdown. Ongoing pressure on mixed instant and speciality coffee due to aggressive competitor activity was partly offset by increased demand during the lockdown period. Gross profit was lower than last year due to lower volumes and pressure on gross margin from competitor discounting, resulting in lower operating profit than last year. The operating profit margin decreased but remains healthy for our combined coffee business.

Creamer benefited from a significant increase in demand in the second semester, including during the lockdown period where it was favoured for inclusion in food hampers. Entyce was able to meet this demand by using spare manufacturing capacity and sales volumes increased by 4,4% over last year's record performance. The gross profit margin was lower than last year due to pressure from raw material prices, however, the increase in volumes, supported by the benefit of well controlled selling and administrative costs, resulted in higher operating profit, with the operating profit margin slightly lower than last year.

### Snackworks

Revenue of R4,37 billion was 12,2% higher than last year while operating profit rose 25,9%, from R723,1 million to R910,2 million. The operating profit margin improved from 18,6% to 20,9%.

Biscuits revenue grew by 12,3% due to a 5,1% increase in sales volumes and higher selling prices, resulting from price increases in response to rising cost pressures, as well as lower levels of discounting. Sales volumes benefited from strong demand during the COVID-19 lockdown period. Gross profit margin improved due to volume leverage and better manufacturing performance, supporting strong growth in operating profit and an increase in the operating profit margin.

Snacks revenue increased by 11,7% due to 6,7% growth in sales volumes and higher selling prices, resulting from price increases in response to rising cost pressures, as well as lower levels of discounting. As with biscuits, sales volumes benefited from strong demand during the COVID-19 lockdown period. Gross profit margin was in line with last year, with higher raw material costs offsetting the benefit of higher volumes. Higher gross profit from increased volumes converted to strong growth in operating profit and an increase in the operating profit margin.

#### 1&.J

Revenue of R2,33 billion was 7,2% lower than last year while operating profit decreased from R407,9 million to R237,8 million. The operating profit margin decreased from 16,3% to 10,2%.

The COVID-19 pandemic had a significant impact on the second semester result, as full compliance with isolation and quarantine protocols reduced the number of employees available to work, resulting in reduced processing activity and a concomitant reduction in fishing activity during the fourth quarter. The loss of production impacted cost recoveries in both the fishing fleet and the land based factories. In addition, congestion at the Cape Town port delayed export shipments, reducing margin recognition in the quarter. The Danger Point abalone farm was impacted by poor export demand and low selling prices due to COVID-19 lock-downs in key markets, compounded by limited airfreight availability due to flight restrictions. The combined impact of these factors was a material decrease in gross profit and gross profit margin, which was exacerbated by lost sea days as a result of repairs and maintenance on the freezer vessels.

Selling and administrative costs were only slightly higher than last year, however, the decrease in gross profit resulted in a material decline in operating profit and the operating profit margin for the year.

## **SEGMENTAL REVIEW** continued

### Personal Care

Indigo's revenue of R1,19 billion was 7,3% higher than last year due to a change in the Coty business model following the renewal of terms in June 2019. Indigo now operates as a licensed distributor rather than an agent and accordingly reports the full purchase cost of, and revenue from, Coty products with effect from 1 July 2019. On a like-for-like basis, revenue was 10,7% lower than last year, mainly due to lost revenue in the fourth quarter with cosmetics and fragrance sales suspended during the level 5 lockdown, and demand generally soft during the lockdown period with most consumers staying at home.

The gross profit margin decreased due to changes in the sales mix, ongoing competitor discounting in aerosols and pressure from the weaker Rand. Together with lower sales volumes, this resulted in a decrease in operating profit from R237,2 million to R150,2 million. The operating profit margin decreased from 21,3% to 12,6%.

### Spitz (including Gant)

The Spitz business saw revenue decline by 15,5% due largely to lower footwear demand prior to the COVID-19 lockdown, including lower December sales than last year, followed by a significant loss of revenue during the lockdown, with all the retail stores closed during the level 5 lockdown from 27 March to 30 April 2020, before reopening on a phased basis during May. Trading post re-opening was subdued due to weak economic conditions and poor shopper footfall at many shopping malls.

The gross profit margin was similar to last year, however, the loss of contribution as a result of lower sales volumes was significant and only partially offset by reductions in selling and administrative costs. Rent relief of R11,6 million has been recognised.

Operating profit decreased from R358,1 million to R234,2 million, and the operating profit margin decreased from 23,5% to 18,2%.

#### Green Cross

Green Cross revenue decreased by 36,5% largely due to lower sales volumes. Sales volumes were impacted by soft demand and wide-spread discounting in the mid-price comfort footwear segment in the period prior to lockdown, followed by a significant loss of revenue during the lockdown, with all the retail stores closed during the level 5 lockdown from 27 March to 30 April 2020, before re-opening on a phased basis during May. Trading post re-opening was subdued due to weak economic conditions and poor shopper footfall at many shopping malls.

The gross profit margin was higher than last year, following the conversion to a full import model, and fixed costs have decreased with the integration into the Spitz management structure. However, these improvements were not enough to offset the impact of lower sales volumes, resulting in an operating loss of R32,0 million for the year.

## **OUTLOOK**

Subsequent to the financial year end on 30 June, COVID-19 infection rates appear to have peaked in many parts of South Africa and there is an expectation that infection rates will continue to decline and economic activity will recover. I&J's operations have recovered to normal capacity and thus far we have not had

material disruptions at our other manufacturing sites, although the risk remains that an increase in infections could result in periods of constrained production. Retail sales should improve as shopping mall footfall improves, however, demand in Entyce and Snackworks is likely to stabilise as consumers return to normal spending patterns and it is unlikely that we will annualise the levels of demand seen during the fourth quarter of the 2020 financial year. Overlaying all of this is the expectation that the economic damage wrought by the pandemic will result in a severely constrained trading environment, and that many of our categories will continue to have low, or even negative, growth rates.

Notwithstanding this, AVI's businesses are expected to remain resilient and cash generative in the next financial year, underpinned by:

- strong brands, supported by relevant innovation, that remains appealing to many consumers;
- partial protection against a weaker Rand from foreign currency and raw material hedge positions;
- reduced import competition due to the weaker Rand.

Achieving growth in our different brands is dependent on acceptable demand and sales volumes. We will continue to react quickly to market changes as we pursue the most appropriate balance of price, sales volumes and profit margins in each category. This will be supported by ongoing focus on factory efficiency, procurement opportunities and fixed overhead levels. Capital projects that underpin our manufacturing capacity, product quality and service levels will continue to be supported.

AVI International, supported by our South African manufacturing capabilities, remains focused on steadily building our brands' shares in export markets while sustaining strong profit margins.

The retail businesses will focus on reducing excess stock levels with increased promotional activity through the year, which will result in lower gross profit margins.

I&J's prospects are materially dependent on fishing performance, exchange rates and an improvement in abalone markets. The business is targeting a material improvement in the second half of the financial year which, if achieved, will be a key component of an improved group result. The hake long-term rights application process, planned to be completed by the end of 2021, is not expected to impact on operations in the financial year ahead.

The Board remains confident that AVI is well positioned to compete effectively; prudently manage fixed and variable costs; and, recognising the challenging environment, be alert for appropriate acquisition opportunities both domestically and regionally.

The above outlook statements have not been reviewed or reported on by AVI's auditors.

Gavin Tipper

7 September 2020

Simon Crutchley

# summarised consolidated balance sheet

	Audit 30 J	
	2020 Rm	2019 Rm
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	3 361,7	3 430,1
Right-of-use assets	310,8	317,5
Intangible assets and goodwill	799,3	817,0
Investments and other long-term assets	35,1	377,0
Deferred taxation	41,5	46,7
	4 548,4	4 988,3
Current assets		
Inventories and biological assets	2 491,9	2 501,5
Trade and other receivables including derivatives	1 886,0	2 072,4
Cash and cash equivalents	842,4	233,1
	5 220,3	4 807,0
Total assets	9 768,7	9 795,3
Equity and liabilities		
Capital and reserves		
Total equity	5 018,4	4 539,13
Non-current liabilities		
Cash-settled share-based payment liability	41,4	39,7
Lease liabilities	230,0	251,0
Employee benefit liabilities	378,4	378,0
Deferred taxation	433,8	428,9
	1 083,6	1 097,6
Current liabilities		
Current borrowings including short-term portion of lease liabilities	1 927,7	2 425,6
Trade and other payables including derivatives	1 712,2	1 698,0
Current tax liabilities	26,8	34,8
	3 666,7	4 158,4
Total equity and liabilities	9 768,7	9 795,3
Movement in net debt		
Opening balance	2 034,6	1 269,8
Short-term funding (repaid)/raised	(498,9)	655,1
(Increase)/decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(605,7)	104,7
Translation of cash equivalents of foreign subsidiaries	(3,6)	5,0
Net debt excluding IFRS 16 lease liability movements	926,4	2 034,6
IFRS 16 lease liabilities	388,9	408,9
Net debt*	1 315,3	2 443,5

<sup>\*</sup> Comprises current borrowings plus long-term lease liabilities, less cash and cash equivalents.

# summarised consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	Audited year ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	%
	Rm	Rm	change
Revenue	13 209,7	13 150,9	0,4
Cost of sales	(7 958,5)	(7 740,2)	2,8
Gross profit	5 251,2	5 410,7	(2,9)
Selling and administrative expenses	(2 916,7)	(2 888,2)	1,0
Operating profit before capital items	2 334,5	2 522,5	(7,5)
Interest received	9,8	6,0	63,3
Finance costs	(175,3)	(200,8)	(12,7)
Share of equity accounted earnings of joint ventures	17,4	42,2	(58,8)
Capital items	455,9	(127,8)	
Profit before taxation	2 642,3	2 242,1	17,8
Taxation	(695,0)	(637,6)	9,0
Profit for the period	1 947,3	1 604,5	21,4
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of AVI	1 947,3	1 604,5	21,4
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	25,7	(16,4)	
Items that are or may be subsequently reclassified to			
profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation differences	13,2	(27,6)	
Cash flow hedging reserve	(2,8)	(4,5)	
Taxation on items that are or may be subsequently			
reclassified to profit or loss	0,8	1,3	
Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss			
Actuarial gain recognised	20,2	20,0	
Taxation on items that will never be reclassified to			
profit or loss	(5,7)	(5,6)	
Total comprehensive income for the period	1 973,0	1 588,1	24,2
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of AVI	1 973,0	1 588,1	24,2
Depreciation and amortisation of property, plant and			
equipment, right-of-use assets, fishing rights and trademarks	F04 F	500.4	0.4
included in operating profit	594,5	592,4	0,4
Earnings per share	F04 (	400 7	24.4
Basic earnings per share (cents)#	591,6	488,7	21,1
Diluted basic earnings per share (cents)##	589,8	486,7	21,2
Headline earnings per share (cents)#	470,8	516,6	(8,9)
Diluted headline earnings per share (cents)##  # Basic earnings and headline earnings per share are calculated on a	469,3	514,6	(8,8)

<sup>#</sup> Basic earnings and headline earnings per share are calculated on a weighted average of 329 140 892 (30 June 2019: 328 315 207) ordinary shares in issue.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Diluted basic earnings and diluted headline earnings per share are calculated on a weighted average of 330 184 802 (30 June 2019: 329 641 365) ordinary shares in issue.

# summarised consolidated statement of cash flows

	Audited year ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	%
	Rm	Rm	change
Operating activities			
Cash generated by operations	3 220,3	2 849,9	13,0
Interest paid	(175,3)	(200,8)	(12,7)
Taxation paid	(711,3)	(604,0)	17,8
Net cash available from operating activities	2 333,7	2 045,1	14,1
Investing activities			
Interest received	9,8	6,0	63,3
Property, plant and equipment acquired	(376,6)	(472,6)	(20,3)
Additions to intangible assets	(7,0)	(16,7)	(58,1)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	23,1	22,0	5,0
Proceeds from the disposal of interest in Simplot	(04.0		
joint venture (note 8)	631,8	-	(50.0)
Other cash flows from investments	7,4	18,4	(59,8)
Net cash generated by/(utilised in) investing activities	288,5	(442,9)	(165,1)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from shareholder funding	8,0	28,0	(71,4)
Short-term funding (repaid)/raised	(498,9)	655,1	(176,2)
Lease liabilities repaid	(159,6)	(166,7)	(4,3)
Payment to I&J BBBEE shareholders	(13,7)	(1,0)	1 270,0
Ordinary dividends paid	(1 352,3)	(1 399,4)	(3,4)
Special dividend paid	_	(822,9)	(100,0)
Net cash utilised in financing activities	(2 016,5)	(1 706,9)	18,1
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	605,7	(104,7)	(678,5)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	233,1	342,8	
	838,8	238,1	
Translation of cash equivalents of foreign subsidiaries	3,6	(5,0)	(172,0)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	842,4	233,1	

# summarised consolidated statements of changes in equity

		Treasury	0	Retained	I&J BBBEE	Total :
	premium Rm	shares Rm	Reserves Rm	earnings Rm	shareholders Rm	equity Rm
Year ended 30 June 2020 Balance at 1 July 2019 Profit for the period Other comprehensive gain	280,3 -	(458,2) –	573,7 -	4 250,1 1 947,3	(106,6)	4 539,3 1 947,3
Foreign currency translation differences Actuarial gain recognised, net of tax Cash flow hedging reserve, net of tax	- - -	- - -	13,2 14,5 (2,0)	- - -	- - -	13,2 14,5 (2,0)
Total other comprehensive gain	_	_	25,7	_	_	25,7
Total comprehensive income for the						
period	_		25,7	1 947,3		1 973,0
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Share-based payments	_	_	44,7	_	_	44,7
Deferred taxation on Group share scheme recharge Dividends paid	_ _	- -	(1,2)	(1 352,3)	- -	(1,2) (1 352,3)
Own ordinary shares sold by AVI Share Trusts Delisting and cancellation of treasury	_	8,0	-	-	_	8,0
shares (note 7) Reclassification of foreign currency translation reserve relating to Simplot joint venture (note 8) and	(0,9)	299,3	(298,4)	-	-	0,0
other entities in the process of being deregistered	_		(193,1)	-		(193,1)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	(0,9)	307,3	(448,0)	(1 352,3)		(1 493,9)
Balance at 30 June 2020	279,4	(150,9)	151,4	4 845,1	(106,6)	5 018,4
Year ended 30 June 2019 Balance at 1 July 2018 Impact of changes in accounting policies*	280,3	(486,5)	534,1	4 925,1 (56,9)	(106,6)	5 146,4 (56,9)
Balance at 1 July 2018 (restated)	280,3	(486,5)	534,1	4 868,2	(106,6)	5 089,5
Profit for the period  Other comprehensive loss Foreign currency translation	200,3	(400,3)	-	1 604,5	(100,0)	1 604,5
differences	_	_	(27,6)	-	_	(27,6)
Actuarial gain recognised, net of tax Cash flow hedging reserve, net of tax	_	_	14,4 (3,2)	_	_	14,4
Total other comprehensive loss			(16,4)			(3,2)
Total comprehensive income for the			(10,4)			(10,4)
period	_		(16,4)	1 604,5		1 588,1
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Share-based payments	_	_	41,5	_	_	41,5
Deferred taxation on Group share scheme recharge Dividends paid	_ _ _	- -	14,5	(2 222,3)	-	14,5 (2 222,3)
Own ordinary shares sold by AVI Share Trusts		28,3		(0,3)		28,0
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	_	28,3	56,0	(2 222,6)	_	(2 138,3)
Balance at 30 June 2019	280,3	(458,2)	573,7	4 250,1	(106,6)	4 539,3

<sup>\*</sup> Impact of changes in accounting policies following the adoption of IFRS 15, IFRS 16 and IFRS 9 on 1 July 2018.

### For the year ended 30 June 2020

AVI Limited ("AVI" or the "Company") is a South African registered company. These summarised consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interest in joint ventures.

#### 1. Basis of preparation

The summarised consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the JSE Limited Listings Requirements for summarised reports, and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa applicable to summary financial statements. The Listings Requirements require summarised reports to be prepared in accordance with the framework concepts and the measurement and recognition requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council and also, as a minimum, to contain the information required by IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the summarised consolidated financial statements were derived from and are in terms of International Financial Reporting Standards and are consistent with those accounting policies applied in the preparation of the previous consolidated annual financial statements.

The summarised consolidated financial statements are prepared in millions of South African Rands ("Rm") on the historical cost basis, except for derivative financial instruments, biological assets and liabilities for cash settled share-based payment arrangements, which are measured at fair value.

The Group has adopted the following new or amended accounting standards in the preparation of these results, which became effective for the Group from 1 July 2019:

### COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions - amendments to IFRS 16 Leases

The Group, which early adopted IFRS 16 on 1 July 2018, has adopted the amendments to IFRS 16 which provide optional relief to lessees from applying the IFRS 16 guidance on lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a practical expedient, lessees can elect to treat these rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications, and instead as variable lease payments.

The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met:

- The change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; and
- Any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021;
- There is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

Applying the practical expedient has resulted in total concessions of R14,3 million being recognised as a credit to selling and administrative expenses on the statement of comprehensive income, and a reduction of lease liabilities repaid on the statement of cash flows.

### 1. Basis of preparation continued

### IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax treatments

IFRIC 23 clarifies how the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 12 Income Taxes are applied where there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The interpretation applies to all aspects of income tax accounting where there is an uncertainty regarding the treatment of an item, including taxable profit or loss, the tax bases of assets and liabilities, tax losses and credits and tax rates. In adopting the interpretation, the Group has considered and applied the requirements of IFRIC 23 and concluded that there are no material items for disclosure.

### New standards and interpretations in issue not yet effective

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective have been assessed for applicability to the Group and management has concluded that they are not applicable to the business of the Group and will therefore have no impact on future financial statements.

### 2. Segmental results

	Year ended 30 June			
	2020	2019	%	
	Rm	Rm	change	
Segmental revenue				
Food & Beverage brands	10 542,0	10 220,7	3,1	
Entyce Beverages	3 849,0	3 822,6	0,7	
Snackworks	4 365,1	3 890,9	12,2	
I&J	2 327,9	2 507,2	(7,2)	
Fashion brands	2 667,7	2 930,2	(9,0)	
Personal Care*	1 192,7	1 111,4	7,3	
Spitz (including Gant)	1 287,8	1 523,8	(15,5)	
Green Cross	187,2	295,0	(36,5)	
Group	13 209,7	13 150,9	0,4	
Segmental operating profit before capital items				
Food & Beverage brands	1 994,6	1 969,3	1,3	
Entyce Beverages	846,6	838,3	1,0	
Snackworks	910,2	723,1	25,9	
I&J	237,8	407,9	(41,7)	
Fashion brands	352,4	565,7	(37,7)	
Personal Care	150,2	237,2	(36,7)	
Spitz (including Gant)	234,2	358,1	(34,6)	
Green Cross	(32,0)	(29,6)	(8,1)	
Corporate and consolidation	(12,5)	(12,5)	0,0	
Group	2 334,5	2 522,5	(7,5)	

<sup>\*</sup> From July 2019 Indigo is responsible for the full revenue and cost of sales in respect of Coty products. Prior to this, only commission on sales was included in revenue.

#### 3. Revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers ("revenue") into categories that depict the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue.

The following table sets out revenue by geographical market:

	For the year ended 30 June 2020 Audited					
	Entyce Beverages Rm	Snackworks Rm	I&J Rm	Personal Care Rm	Footwear & Apparel Rm	Total Rm
Geographical market South Africa Other African countries Rest of the world	3 357,2 484,2 7,6	3 838,1 511,4 15,6	913,5 49,7 1 364,7	1 077,6 114,9 0,2	1 463,2 11,8 -	10 649,6 1 172,0 1 388,1
Total revenue	3 849,0	4 365,1	2 327,9	1 192,7	1 475,0	13 209,7

	For the year ended 30 June 2019 Audited					
	Entyce Beverages Rm	Snackworks Rm	I&J Rm	Personal Care Rm	Footwear & Apparel Rm	Total Rm
Geographical market						
South Africa	3 347,2	3 447,9	860,1	985,7	1 804,1	10 445,0
Other African countries	467,9	432,1	31,6	125,3	14,7	1 071,6
Rest of the world	7,5	10,9	1 615,5	0,4	_	1 634,3
Total revenue	3 822,6	3 890,9	2 507,2	1 111,4	1 818,8	13 150,9

The majority of revenue comprises revenue from the sale of goods. Less than 2% (2019: less than 2%) of total revenue compromises income arising from service agreements, rental agreements and trademark licence agreements.

### 4. Determination of headline earnings

	Audited year ended 30 June		
	2020 Rm	2019 Rm	% change
Profit for the year attributable to owners of AVI Total capital items after taxation	1 947,3 (397,6)	1 604,5 91,7	21,4 (533,6)
Gain on disposal of interest in Simplot joint venture (note 8)	(433,1)	-	
Gain on reclassification of the cumulative foreign currency translation reserve from equity to profit for entities in the process of being deregistered	(30,1)	_	
Net (gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(11,2)	0,1	(11 300,0)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	18,4	26,1	(29,5)
Impairment of Green Cross trademark*	-	99,7	(100,0)
Net loss on disposal and impairment of other intangible assets	0,1	1,9	(94,7)
Taxation attributable to capital items	58,3	(36,1)	(261,5)
Headline earnings	1 549,7	1 696,2	(8,6)
Headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)	470,8	516,6	(8,9)
Diluted headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)	469,3	514,6	(8,8)

	Number of shares	Number of shares	% change
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	329 140 892	328 315 207	0,3
Weighted average diluted number of ordinary shares	330 184 803	329 641 365	0,2

<sup>\*</sup> The Green Cross trademark of R399,7 million was recognised on acquisition of the business on 1 March 2012. As part of the annual review of the carrying amounts of trademarks with indefinite useful lives for the year ended 30 June 2019, the remaining carrying amount of the Green Cross trademark of R99,7 million was impaired, taking into account the extended period it will take to return the business to acceptable profitability.

## 5. Cash generated by operations

	Audited year ended 30 June			
	2020 Rm	2019 Rm	% change	
Cash generated by operations before working capital changes	3 096,1	3 116,7	(0,7)	
Change in working capital	124,2	(266,8)	(146,6)	
Cash generated by operations	3 220,3	2 849,9	13,0	

#### 6. Commitments

	Audi year ende	* * *
	2020 Rm	2019 Rm
Capital expenditure commitments for property, plant and equipment	145,4	167,3
Contracted for	90,4	153,4
Authorised but not contracted for	55,0	13,9

It is anticipated that this expenditure will be financed by cash resources, cash generated from operating activities and existing borrowing facilities. Other contractual commitments have been entered into in the normal course of business.

#### 7. Repurchase and cancellation of treasury shares

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, AVI Investment Services Proprietary Limited ("AVI Investment Services"), held 17 234 352 ordinary shares in the Company, which were acquired in the market pursuant to a share buy-back exercise in 2007.

On 19 August 2019, AVI Investment Services effected a distribution in specie of these shares to the Company, in its capacity as the holding company of AVI Investment Services. The subsequent delisting and cancellation of the 17 234 352 ordinary shares, as approved by the JSE Limited, was effected on 29 August 2019.

The shares cancelled represented 4,89% of the issued share capital of the Company immediately prior to the cancellation.

The delisting and cancellation of shares has resulted in a R299,3 million reduction in the treasury shares balance, of which R0,9 million has been allocated against share capital and the balance to share buy-back reserve, with no impact on earnings or earnings per share

#### 8. Disposal of interest in Simplot joint venture

On 4 November 2019, the Company and its subsidiary, I&J Holdings Proprietary Limited ("I&J"), entered into an agreement in terms of which Simplot Australia Proprietary Limited and related entities ("Simplot Australia") acquired I&J's 40% effective interest in the Simplot Seafood Snacks and Meals Joint Venture ("Simplot JV") and the rights to certain internally generated intellectual property assets ("IP Assets") utilised by the Simplot JV, for an aggregate cash consideration of AUD62 million.

The net purchase consideration after transaction costs was R631,8 million and has resulted in a capital gain of R433,1 million before tax, and R373,7 million after tax, comprising:

	Net capital gain Rm
Sale of interest in Simplot JV and IP assets	210,7
Reclassification of the cumulative foreign currency translation reserve from equity to profit on disposal, as required by IAS 21.	163,0
	373,7

IP Assets were internally generated and therefore were not recognised as intangible assets.

#### 9. Fair value classification and measurement

The Group measures derivative foreign exchange contracts, fuel swaps and biological assets at fair

The fair value of foreign exchange contracts and fuel swaps is determined using a forward pricing model with reference to quotes from financial institutions. Significant inputs into the Level 2 fair value measurement include yield curves as well as market interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The estimated fair values of recognised financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts based on the nature or maturity period of the financial instruments.

Biological assets comprise abalone which is farmed by I&J. The fair value of these assets is disclosed as Level 3 per the fair value hierarchy, with the fair value determined using a combination of the market comparison and cost technique as prescribed by IAS 41.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the consolidated financial statements available on the Company's website www.avi.co.za.

#### 10. Post-reporting date events

No significant events that meet the requirements of IAS 10 have occurred since the reporting date.

#### 11. Dividend declaration

Notice is hereby given that a gross final ordinary dividend No 95 of 250 cents per share for the year ended 30 June 2020 has been declared payable to shareholders of ordinary shares. The dividend has been declared out of income reserves and will be subject to dividend withholding tax at a rate of 20%. Consequently a net final dividend of 200 cents per share will be distributed to those shareholders who are not exempt from paying dividend tax. In terms of dividend tax legislation, the dividend tax amount due will be withheld and paid over to the South African Revenue Services by a nominee company, stockbroker or Central Securities Depository Participant ("CSDP") (collectively "regulated intermediary") on behalf of shareholders. However, all shareholders should declare their status to their regulated intermediary, as they may qualify for a reduced dividend tax rate or exemption. AVI's issued share capital at the declaration date is 335 837 451 ordinary shares. AVI's tax reference number is 9500/046/71/0. The salient dates relating to the payment of the dividend are as follows:

Last day to trade cum dividend on the JSE Tuesday, 13 October 2020 Wednesday, 14 October 2020 First trading day ex dividend on the JSE Record date Friday, 16 October 2020 Payment date Monday, 19 October 2020

In accordance with the requirements of Strate Limited, no share certificates may be dematerialised or rematerialised between Wednesday, 14 October 2020, and Friday, 16 October 2020, both days inclusive.

Dividends in respect of certificated shareholders will be transferred electronically to shareholders' bank accounts on payment date. In the absence of specific mandates, dividend cheques will be posted to shareholders. Shareholders who hold dematerialised shares will have their accounts at their CSDP or broker credited on Monday, 19 October 2020.

#### 12. Reports of the independent auditor and annual financial statements

The summarised consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020 have been audited by Ernst & Young Inc., who expressed an unmodified opinion thereon. The auditor also expressed an unmodified opinion on the annual consolidated financial statements from which these summarised consolidated financial statements were derived. The auditor's report on the summarised consolidated financial statements does not necessarily report on all of the information contained in this announcement. Shareholders are therefore advised that in order to obtain a full understanding of the nature of the auditor's engagement they should obtain a copy of the auditor's report on the summarised consolidated financial statements and of the auditor's report on the annual consolidated financial statements which are available for inspection at the Company's registered office. The annual consolidated financial statements and auditor's report are also available on the Company's website www.avi.co.za.

#### 13. Preparer of financial statements

These summarised financial statements have been prepared under the supervision of Owen Cressey CA(SA), the AVI Group Chief Financial Officer.

### 14. Annual report

The annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020 will be posted to shareholders on or about Tuesday, 6 October 2020. The annual report will include the notice of the annual general meeting of shareholders to be convened on Thursday, 5 November 2020.

# administration and principal subsidiaries

### **ADMINISTRATION**

Company registration AVI Limited ("AVI") Reg no: 1944/017201/06 Share code: AVI ISIN: ZAE000049433

Company Secretary Sureya Scheepers

# Business address and registered office

2 Harries Road Illovo Johannesburg 2196 South Africa

Postal address PO Box 1897 Saxonwold 2132 South Africa

Telephone: +27 (0)11 502 1300 Telefax: +27 (0)11 502 1301 E-mail: info@avi.co.za Website: www.avi.co.za

## Auditors

Ernst & Young Inc.

#### Sponsor

The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited

### Commercial bankers

Standard Bank Nedbank

### Transfer secretaries

Computershare Investor Services Proprietary Limited

Business address Rosebank Towers 15 Biermann Avenue Rosebank Johannesburg 2196

Postal address Private bag X9000 Saxonwold 2132 South Africa Telephone: +27 (0)11 370 5000 Telefax: +27 (0)11 370 5271

# PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES Food & Beverage brands

National Brands Limited Reg no: 1948/029389/06 (incorporating Entyce Beverages and Snackworks)

30 Sloane Street Bryanston 2021

PO Box 5159 Rivonia 2128

Managing director
Gaynor Poretti
Telephone: +27 (0)11 707 7

Telephone: +27 (0)11 707 7200 Telefax: +27 (0)11 707 7799

#### **I&J**

Irvin & Johnson Holding Company Proprietary Limited Reg no: 2004/013127/07

1 Davidson Street Woodstock Cape Town 7925

PO Box 1628 Cape Town 8000

Managing director Jonty Jankovich

Telephone: +27 (0)21 440 7800 Telefax: +27 (0)21 440 7270

### Fashion brands

Personal Care Indigo Brands Proprietary Limited Reg no: 2003/009934/07

16 – 20 Evans Avenue Epping 1 7460

PO Box 3460 Cape Town 8000

Managing director Roger Coppin Telephone: +27 (0)21 507 8500 Telefax: +27 (0)21 507 8501

Footwear & Apparel A&D Spitz Proprietary Limited Reg no: 1999/025520/07

Green Cross Manufacturers Proprietary Limited Reg no: 1994/008549/07

29 Eaton Avenue Bryanston 2021

PO Box 782916 Sandton 2145

Acting managing director Simon Crutchley Telephone: +27 (0)21 707 7300

Telefax: +27 (0)11 707 7763

## directors

### Executive

Simon Crutchley (Chief Executive Officer)

Owen Cressey (Chief Financial Officer)

Michael Koursaris (Business Development Director)

### Independent non-executive

Gavin Tipper<sup>1</sup> (Chairman)

James Hersov<sup>5</sup>

Adriaan Nühn<sup>1, 2, 4, 7</sup>

Mike Bosman<sup>2</sup>

Abe Thebyane<sup>1</sup>

Alexandra Muller 2, 3, 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Member of the Remuneration, Nomination and Appointments Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Member of the Audit and Risk Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Member of the Social and Ethics Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Dutch.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Resigned from the Audit and Risk Committee on 7 November 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Appointed to the Board and Audit and Risk Committee on 1 July 2019. Appointed to the Social and Ethics Committee on 1 August 2019.

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  Appointed to the Audit and Risk Committee on 21 January 2020.

